ACTION PLAN

Objectives	uction of tobacco products dema Activity/Action	Responsible	Deadline	Source of	Indicators of
		Party/Implementing Body		Financing	Achievement
1.1 Implementation of tax and price policy	1.1.1. Achieving and maintaining a high price and taxation level for tobacco products	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Finance	2007- 2011	/	Raised prices of tobacco products (in percentage)
	1.1.2. Increasing taxes on tobacco products above inflation rates	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Finance	2007- 2011	/	Increase in taxes on tobacco products
	1.1.3. Prohibition/restriction of tax- and duty-free sales of tobacco products	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Finance	2007- 2011	/	Relevant legislation
	1.1.4. Sustained allocation of funds for tobacco control programs, including tobacco tax revenues	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Health	2007- 2011	/	Financial means obtained from earmarking each sold cigarette package, the so called "tobacco dinar"
	1.1.5. Harmonization of tax and prices across all tobacco products to reduce the likelihood of substitution of one product by another	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Finance. Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services	2007-2011		

Objectives	Activity/Action	Responsible Party/Implementing Body	Deadline	Source of financing	Indicators of Achievement
1.2 Reduction of exposure to environmental tobacco smoke in population (passive smoking)	1.2.1. Strict enforcement of the Law on Smoking Ban in Enclosed Premises (Official Gazettes of the Republic of Serbia, No. 16/96 and 101/05)	Labor, sanitary and health inspection	2011	Current sources	Increased number of smoke-free work places (in percentage), particularly in public administration, health and educational facilities, and public transportation
	1.2.2. Study among hospitality workers to evaluate the exposure to nicotine	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	2007	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors	Increased number of smoke-free public places (in percentage);
	1.2.3. Workshops for inspectors to achieve better enforcement of the Law on Smoking Ban in Enclosed Premises	Ministry of Health - Office for Tobacco Control, Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Affairs	2007	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors	Number of penalties for infringement of the Law on Smoking Ban in Enclosed Premises
	1.2.4. Development of a program for smoke-free work places with program monitoring and evaluation	Ministry of Health - Office for Tobacco Control, Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Affairs	2008	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors	

Objectives	Activity/Action	Responsible Party/Implementing Body	Deadline	Source of Financing	Indicators of Achievement
1.3. Regulation of the contents of tobacco products according to the Law on Tobacco (Official Gazette of	1.3.1. Inspectors' surveillance of the content of tobacco products and disclosure of the results	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance, Referent laboratory	2007	Budget of the Republic of Serbia, Earmarking from "Tobacco dinar"	The percentage of controlled tobacco products with contents within the legal limits
the Republic of Serbia, No. 101/05)	1.3.2. Defining a referent laboratory for control of the tobacco products contents	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance	2007	Budget of the Republic of Serbia, "Tobacco dinar"	Written decision on establishment of the referent laboratory
	1.3.3. Establishing and strengthening capacity of the referent laboratory for control of tobacco products content in concordance with the WHO recommendations	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Health, Ministry of Finance	2008	Budget of the Republic of Serbia, "Tobacco dinar"	Premises and activities of the referent laboratory
1.4. Regulation of packaging and labeling of tobacco products according to the Law on Tobacco (Official Gazette of the Republic of Serbia,	1.4.1. Inspectors' surveillance of the use of terms such as "low tar", "light", "ultra light" and "mild" in Serbian or other languages or some other terms by which tobacco industry misleads its customers	Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services			The percentage of controlled tobacco products that use terms such as "low tar", "light", "ultra light" and "mild"
No. 101/05)	1.4.2. Inspectors' surveillance of the use of health warnings on the outside packaging of all tobacco products	Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services			The percentage of controlled tobacco products missing health warnings

Objectives	Activity/Action	Responsible Party/Implementing Body	Deadline	Source of Financing	Indicators of Achievement
1.5.Education, communication, training and public awareness of harmful effects of tobacco consumption	1.5.1. Workshops for policy makers regarding the need for more "smoke-free" health institutions, work places, schools, and public places	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education and Sport, Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Policy	2007 - 2008	Earmarking from "tobacco dinar"	The percentage of population aware of the health hazards of smoking – population health surveys
•	1.5.2. Workshops for health care workers and teachers on smoking related health hazards, addiction to nicotine, tactics of tobacco industry and promotion of healthy lifestyles	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education and Sport, Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Policy	2007 – 2011	Earmarking from "tobacco dinar"	The percentage of population aware of the health hazards of smoking – population health surveys
	1.5.3. Media campaign for the National No Smoking Day (January 31)	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors, associations	Mass media reports
	1.5.4. Media campaign for the World No Smoking Day (May 31)	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors, associations	Mass media reports
	1.5.5. International campaign "Quit and Win"	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors, associations	Mass media reports
	1.5.6. Organization of specific campaigns for the high risk population groups	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors, associations	Prevalence of smoking in high risk groups (in percentage)

1.6. Ban of tobacco advertising and promotion of tobacco, and tobacco products and sponsorship by tobacco industry	1.6.1. Inspectors' surveillance of tobacco advertising on radio, television, printed media and other media, sponsorship of all public events (festivals, sports competitions, school events, fairs, concerts), and use of direct incentives to encourage purchase of a tobacco products by the public	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services	2007 – 2011	Budget of the Republic of Serbia	Number of penalties for infringement of the Law on tobacco advertising
1.7. To prevent the future initiation of smoking behaviour, among young people	1.7.1. Close intersectoral cooperation on national, regional and local level between health and education professionals in implementing the anti-smoking education in schools	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education and Sports, institutes for public health	September 2007	Budget of the Republic of Serbia, "Tobacco dinar", Local authorities	Increased percentage of non-smokers among youth (prevalence of smoking in children and youth)
	1.7.2. Development of programs for education on smoking prevention and their integration into the programs of primary, secondary and high schools; development of manuels, posters and leaflets	Ministry of Health, Ministry of Education and Sports, institutes for public health	June 2008	Ministry of Education and Sport	Percentage of smoke-free schools
	1.7.3. Continuous education of teachers	Ministry of Education and Sport Ministry of Health	2007 – 2011	Ministry of Education and Sport	Percentage of smoke-free schools

1.7. To prevent the	1.7.4. Continuous education on	Ministry of Health,	2007 –	"Tobacco	Percentage of
future initiation of smoking behaviour among young people	smoking prevention in schools and publishing results	network of public health institutes, Ministry of Education and Sports	2011	dinar"	smoke-free schools
	1.7.5. Defining a standard set of data that should be collected for the surveillance of smoking prevalence among young people	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control, network of public health institutes	2007	"Tobacco dinar"	The indicators that should be routinely collected
	1.7.6. Routine data collection and periodic performance of GYTS, GHPS, GSPS, ESPAD, and other studies on smoking prevalence among children	Ministry of Health, network of public health institutes	2007. – 2011	"Tobacco dinar", sponsors, international partners	Published reports and study results
1.8. To reduce smoking prevalence and levels of tobacco consumption across	1.8.1. Strengthening and expansion of the network of the smoking cessation services through the health care system	Ministry of Health, network of public health institutes	2007	"Tobacco dinar"	Reduction of smoking prevalence among adults (in percentage)
all population groups through the implementation of smoking cessation	1.8.2. Assessment of quantity and quality of services provided by smoking cessation centers	Ministry of Health. network of public health institutes	2007	"Tobacco dinar"	Increased number of smoking cessation centers
programs	1.8.3. Defining minimum level and quality of services to be provided by smoking cessation centers	Ministry of Health. network of public health institutes	2007	"Tobacco dinar"	Increasing number of smokers visiting smoking cessation services

1.8. To reduce smoking prevalence and levels of tobacco consumption across all population groups through the	1.8.4. Provide training and equipment for staff in smoking cessation services, develop a manual for smoking cessation services	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control, network of public health institutes	2007 – 2011	"Tobacco dinar"	Decrease of smoking prevalence in adults (in percentage)
implementation of smoking cessation programs	1.8.5. Education of GPs and nurses in the primary health care on smoking prevention and cessation	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control, network of public health institutes	Annually	"Tobacco dinar"	Decrease of smoking prevalence in adults (in percentage)
	1.8.6. Establish monitoring and evaluation of the quality and effectiveness of services for smoking cessation	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	2007	"Tobacco dinar"	
	1.8.7. Media promotion of smoking prevention and cessation services and their results	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body	Annually	"Tobacco dinar"	Mass media reports
	1.8.8. Efficiency evaluation of population approaches in smoking cessation – "Quit and Win" and other campaigns	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar"	Decrease of smoking prevalence among adults (in percentage)
	1.8.9. Efficiency evaluation of support for smoking self cessation	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar"	Decrease of smoking prevalence among adults (in percentage)
	1.8.10. Regular data collection on participation in smoking cessation programs	Ministry of Health – Office for Tobacco Control	Annually	"Tobacco dinar"	Decrease of smoking prevalence among adults (in percentage)

1.9 To reduce	1.9.1 Education of health	Ministry of Health –	2007 –	"Tobacco	Decrease of
smoking prevalence	professionals who work with	Office for Tobacco	2011	dinar"	smoking prevalence
in women	pregnant women and women in	Control, network of	2011	dillai	among women (in
in women	reproductive period on harmful	public health institutes			percentage)
	effects of smoking during the	public health institutes			percentage)
	pregnancy				
	1.9.2 Regular counseling of	Ministry of Health –	2007 –	Republic Fund	Decrease of
	pregnant women on harmful	Office for Tobacco	2007 –	for Health	smoking prevalence
	effects of smoking, and support	Control, network of	2011	Insurance	among pregnant
	in smoking cessation	public health institutes		msurance	women (in
	in smoking cessation	public health institutes			percentage)
	1.9.3 Publishing promotional	Ministry of Health –	2007 –	"Tobacco	Decreased number
	materials (leaflets, posters,	Office for Tobacco	2011	dinar"	of babies born with
	brochures) on harmful effects of	Control	2011	amar	low birth weight
	smoking for fetus and newborn	Control			and premature birth
	babies				(in percentage)
Strategic goal 2: Red	uction of tobacco products suppl	lv			(in percentage)
2.1 To reduce illicit	2.1.1. Enforcement of the	Ministry of Finance	2007 –	/	The percentage of
trade of tobacco	Excise Law ("Official Gazette		2011	,	reduction of illicit
products	of the Republic of Serbia",				trade of tobacco
Products	No.42/01, 61/01, 73/01, 5/02,				products
	24/02, 45/02, 69/02, 80/02,				r
	15/03, 43/03, 56/03, 72/03,				
	93/03, 2/04, 31/04, 43/04,				
	55/04, 78/04, 135/04,				
	8/05,46/05, 47/05, 58/05,				
	71/05,101/05, 112/05, 3/06,				
	11/06, 61/06 and 66/06), as well				
	as labeling tobacco products				
	with excise labels to identify				
	their origin, and facilitate their				
	tracking				

	2.1.2. Regular collection of data on trade of tobacco products	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services, Ministry of Internal Affairs	2007 – 2011	Routine statistics
2.1. To reduce illicit trade of tobacco products	2.1.3. Penalties for illicit trade	Ministry of Trade, Tourism, and Services, Ministry of Justice	2007 – 2011	Number of fines
	2.1.4. Destruction or disposal of confiscated tobacco products	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services, Ministry of Internal Affairs	2007 – 2011	Increased percentage of destroyed confiscated tobacco products
	2.1.5. Regular surveillance of tobacco products licensing system	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services, Ministry of Finance	2007. – 2011	
2.2. To ban sales of tobacco products to and by minors	2.2.1. Production of labels with warnings that sale of tobacco products to minors is illegal and control of their display	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services	2007. – 2011	Number of controls
	2.2.2. Surveillance of production and sale of products that are in the form of tobacco products	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services	2007. – 2011	Number of controls
	2.2.3. Surveillance of tobacco sales in small retail units, by vending machines, free distribution on public places, etc.	Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services, Inspection	2007. – 2011	Number of controls

	Strategic goal 3: Implementation and enforcement of tobacco control legislation to reduce demand and supply of tobacco products				
Objectives	Activity/Action	Responsible Party/Implementing Body	Deadline	Source of Financing	Indicators of Achievement
3.1. To enforce strictly legislation related to tobacco control (Law on Smoking Ban in Enclosed Premises, Law on Tobacco, Law on Advertising)	3.1.1. Enforcement of penalties by the relevant inspections 3.1.2. Regular revision of penalties for infringement of tobacco control legislation 3.1.3. Building capacities and determination of inspections for the surveillance of enforcement of the tobacco control legislation	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Trade, Tourism and Services, Ministry of Labor, Employment and Social Affairs, Ministry of Health	2007 – 2011	Budget of the Republic of Serbia	Number of inspections' controls; Number of penalties for infringement of tobacco control legislation
3.2. To support economically viable alternatives to tobacco growing and processing	3.2.1. Gradual substitution of tobacco growing by other economically viable agricultural cultures 3.2.2. Repealing subsidies for tobacco growing 3.2.3. Moratorium on new tobacco factories	Intergovernmental Coordinating Body, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management, Ministry of Finance	2011.	Budget of the Republic of Serbia	Percentage of reduction of agricultural land under tobacco; Reduced subsidies for tobacco growing; Reduced number of tobacco factories